

State Lows and Highs



State Medicaid Fact Sheets

Lowest/Highest Total Residents, 2006-2007

Wyoming: 554,600

California: 37,370,100

Lowest/Highest Medicaid Coverage, 2006-2007

New Hampshire (7%)

◀ Low

High ▶

District of Columbia (24%)

● 61% Employer 48% ●

● 5% Individual 7% ●

7% Medicaid 24%

● 15% Medicare 10% ●

● 1% Other Public NSD ●

● 11% Uninsured 11% ●



Lowest/Highest % of General Fund Spending on Medicaid, 2005

Mississippi (3.2%)

◀ Low High ▶

Massachusetts (34.3%)



	Low State		High State		US
Demographic Profile, 2010-2011					
Total Residents	Wyoming	554,600	California	37,370,100	307,891,500
Income					
Poor Residents (below 100% FPL)	New Hampshire	10%	Louisiana	27%	20%
Residents (100-138% FPL)	New Hampshire	5%	Arkansas	11%	8%
Median Annual Income	Mississippi	\$39,078	Maryland	\$67,469	\$50,443
Age					
Children (0-18)	District of Columbia	18%	Utah	33%	25%
Poor Children	New Hampshire	11%	District of Columbia	41%	27%
Adults (19-64)	Utah	57%	District of Columbia	70%	61%
Poor Adults	New Hampshire	10%	New Mexico	25%	19%
Elderly (65+)	Alaska	8%	Florida	18%	13%
Poor Elderly	Oregon	8%	District of Columbia	21%	12%
Distribution by Race/Ethnicity					
White	Hawaii	17%	Maine	95%	63%
Black	Utah	1%	District of Columbia	49%	12%
Hispanic	Maine	1%	New Mexico	45%	17%
Other	Louisiana	2%	Hawaii	70%	8%
Non-Citizen	North Dakota	1%	California	14%	7%
Population Living in Non-Metropolitan Areas	California	2%	Wyoming	70%	16%
Health Insurance Coverage of Nonelderly, 2010-2011					
Medicaid	New Hampshire	8%	Vermont	26%	18%
Children	Massachusetts	36%	Texas	74%	58%
Adults	Texas	26%	Massachusetts	64%	42%
Uninsured	Massachusetts	5%	Texas	27%	18%
Children	District of Columbia	9%	Utah	26%	16%
Adults	Utah	74%	District of Columbia	91%	84%
Nonelderly (below 100% FPL)	New Hampshire	26%	Hawaii	50%	38%
Nonelderly (100-138% FPL)	North Dakota	9%	Tennessee	15%	13%
Nonelderly (139-250% FPL)	New Mexico	20%	Idaho	31%	25%
Nonelderly (251-399% FPL)	Alabama	9%	Vermont	21%	13%

Nonelderly (400%+ FPL)	Alaska	7%	Vermont	20%	10%
Employer Sponsored Insurance	New Mexico	44%	New Hampshire	70%	56%
Individual Insurance	West Virginia	2%	North Dakota	11%	6%
Other Public	District of Columbia	1%	Alaska	6%	3%
Percentage Point Change Among Nonelderly 0-64 by Coverage Type, 2010-2011					
Uninsured	Mississippi	-5.9%	Colorado	3.1%	-0.5%
Medicaid	Kentucky	-1.6%	South Carolina	4.3%	0.7%
Employer-Sponsored	Ohio	-3.3%	North Dakota	6.9%	-0.4%
Individually Purchased	Louisiana	-1.5%	Vermont	2.2%	0.2%
Medicaid Enrollment					
Total Enrollment, FY2009	North Dakota	75,328	California	11,027,600	62,692,693
Children	Massachusetts	31%	Wyoming	65%	49%
Adults	3 States Tied	13%	2 States Tied	42%	26%
Aged	Utah	5%	Maine	17%	10%
Disabled	2 States Tied	9%	West Virginia	28%	15%
% Enrolled in Managed Care, 2010	3 States Tied	0.0%	2 States Tied	100.0%	71.4%
Medicaid Expenditures					
Total Medicaid Spending, FY2010	Wyoming	\$537,589,702	New York	\$52,122,037,794	\$389,084,333,952
Disproportionate Share Hospital Payments (DSH)	Massachusetts	0.0%	New Hampshire	17.3%	4.5%
Acute Care	New Hampshire	39.5%	Hawaii	91.5%	64.0%
Rx Drugs	Arizona	0.1%	Louisiana	15.4%	6.4%
Long Term Care (LTC)	Hawaii	7.9%	North Dakota	60.1%	31.5%
Nursing Home	New Mexico	1.6%	Vermont	95.2%	41.2%
Home/Personal Care	Rhode Island	0.6%	Hawaii	90.1%	44.8%
Per Enrollee Medicaid Spending, FY2009					
Total	California	\$3,527	Connecticut	\$9,577	\$5,527
Children	California	\$1,567	Alaska	\$4,666	\$2,305
Adults	California	\$1,073	Alaska	\$5,916	\$2,900
Aged	New Mexico	\$5,247	Connecticut	\$24,761	\$13,149
Disabled	Alabama	\$7,020	Connecticut	\$32,954	\$15,840
Other Medicaid Spending Measures					
Federal Contribution per State Dollar, FY2013	14 States Tied	50.00%	Mississippi	73.43%	50.00%
General Fund Spending on Medicaid, SFY2010	Mississippi	3.2%	Massachusetts	34.3%	15.8%
Medicaid Eligibility Levels by Annual Income and FPL, 2012					
Pregnant Women	18 States Tied	133%	6 States Tied	300%	-
Infants	33 States Tied	133%	2 States Tied	300%	-
Children 1-5	80 States Tied	133%	2 States Tied	275%	-
Children 6-19	78 States Tied	100%	2 States Tied	275%	-
Medicaid and Medicare Dual Eligibles					
Total Dual Eligible Enrollment, 2009	51 States Tied	100%	51 States Tied	100%	100%
Total Dual Eligible Spending in Millions, 2009	50 States Tied	100%	50 States Tied	100%	100%
Total Medicare Enrollment, 2012	Alaska	69,301	California	5,000,198	49,435,610
CHIP					
Eligibility Income Level for Family of 3, 2012	North Dakota	160%	New York	400%	-
Change in CHIP Enrollment, June 2010-11	Arizona	-42.7%	Iowa	27.1%	3.5%
Total CHIP Spending, FY2009	Vermont	\$6,978,662	California	\$1,767,390,220	\$10,631,162,072

This fact sheet was last updated on October 18, 2012. Additional Medicaid Fact Sheets available at <http://www.kff.org/MFS/>.

All data are drawn directly from statehealthfacts.org, Kaiser's continuously updated database for state-level health data. More detailed notes and sources are available by following the online links from each topic on the fact sheet.

Demographic Profile

Total Residents, Income, Age, Race/Ethnicity, Citizenship, Population Living in Non-Metropolitan Areas

Source: KCMU and Urban Institute analysis of the Current Population Surveys, March 2011 and 2012.

Notes: These demographic data may differ from Census Bureau figures due to grouping by health insurance unit (HIU) rather than household. A Metropolitan Statistical area must have at least one urban cluster of at least 10,000 but less than 50,000 population. A Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area lacks at least one urbanized area of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

Median Annual Income

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2009, 2010, and 2011. Annual Social and Economic Supplements. Three-Year-Average Median Household Income by State: 2008-2010.

Health Insurance Coverage

Medicaid, Uninsured, Medicaid, Employer-Sponsored Insurance, Individual Insurance, Other Public, Percentage Point Change in the Rate of Coverage of the Nonelderly Population (0-64 years old)

Source: KCMU and Urban Institute analysis of the Current Population Survey (CPS), March 2011 and 2012.

Notes: State figures are based on pooled 2010 and 2011 data; U.S. figures are based on 2011 data.

Medicaid

Total Enrollment

Source: The Urban Institute and KCMU estimates based on data from MSIS reports from CMS for FY2008.

% Enrolled in Managed Care

Source: Medicaid Managed Care Penetration Rates by State as of June 2010, CMS, DHHS.

Total Medicaid Spending in Millions

Source: Urban Institute estimates for KCMU based on CMS Form 64.

Notes: All spending includes state and federal expenditures. Expenditures include benefit payments and disproportionate share hospital payments; do not include administrative costs, accounting adjustments, or the U.S. Territories. Total spending including these additional items was about \$401.4 billion in FY 2010. Figures may not sum to totals due to rounding.

Per Enrollee Medicaid Spending and Distribution by Group

Source: The Urban Institute and KCMU estimates based on data from MSIS reports from CMS for FY2009.

Multiplier and Federal Matching Rate

Source: KCMU calculations based on the FMAPs as published in the Federal Register, November 30, 2011 (Vol. 76, No. 230), pp. 74061-74063.

Notes: The multiplier is based on the FMAP and represents the amount of federal funds a state receives for every dollar it spends on Medicaid. The rate varies year to year and is based on each state's relative per capita income.

State Medicaid Spending as % of State General Fund

Source: 2010 State Expenditure Report, National Association of State Budget Officers

Notes: A state's general fund is the predominant fund for financing a state's operations.

Medicaid Eligibility Levels

Source: Based on a national survey conducted by the Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured with the Georgetown University Center for Children and Families, 2012

Notes: All dollar figures represent the annual income for a family of three.

Medicaid and Medicare Dual Eligibles

Sources: The Urban Institute and KCMU estimates based on data from MSIS and CMS-64 reports from CMS for 2009.

CHIP

Eligibility Income Level for a Family of Three

Source: Data based on a national survey conducted by the Georgetown University Center for Children and Families and the Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, January 2012.

Notes: The levels are for separate CHIP programs only.

Current CHIP Enrollment

Source: Collected by Health Management Associates for KCMU. Data as of December 2010.

Notes: Figures represent the current monthly enrollment. TN phased out its Medicaid expansion program in September 2002. In March 2007, the state implemented a new CHIP program called CoverKids.

Total CHIP Spending

Source: The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), March 2011. Available at: https://www.cms.gov/medicaidbudgetexpendsystem/04_CMS21.asp#TopOfPage.

Abbreviations

CMS: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

DHHS: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

FMAP: Federal Medical Assistance Percentage

FPL: Federal Poverty Level (The FPL for 48 states was \$22,050 for a family of 4 in 2010; Alaska \$27,570 and Hawaii \$25,360.)

KCMU: The Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured

MSIS: Medicaid Statistical Information System

CHIP: Children's Health Insurance Program